

# Dublin Airport Monthly Noise and Operations Report

August 2024

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- Operations and Runway Use
- Noise Complaints
- Flight Track Monitoring



# Part 1: Operations and Complaints

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<b>PART 1</b>		
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<b>5.</b>	<b>Operations – Movements and Runway Use</b>	Provides an overview of the operations of the airport during the month, including arrival and departure movements, runway use, wind direction and movement comparisons with earlier months and the previous year.
<b>6.</b>	<b>Operations – Runway and Track Use</b>	Provides a representation of the distribution of arrivals and departures, along with data relating to the distribution of the main departure tracks.
<b>7.</b>	<b>Noise Complaints - Complainant Statistics</b>	Provides rolling data on complainant statistics, including total complaints received.
<b>8.</b>	<b>Noise Complaints - Complainant Statistics</b>	Provides data on the complaints received by area from top 10 complainants and a breakdown of complaints by the top 5 individuals
<b>PART 2</b>		
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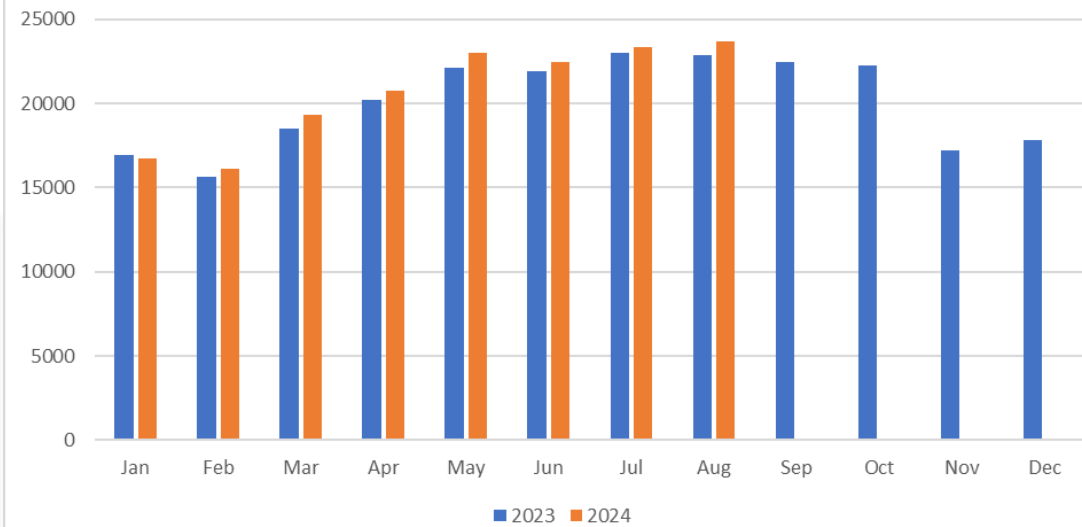
Term	Definition
<b>Aircraft Movement</b>	An aircraft movement is either the arrival or departure of an aircraft at Dublin Airport. For an arrival, the aircraft is detected by radar at least 50km from the airport and the route it takes is recorded in the noise management system until it touches down on one of Dublin Airport's runways. For a departure, the radar detects the flight as it leaves the ground and records the route until it is at least 50km away.
<b>ANOMS</b>	The Advanced Noise Management System is Dublin Airport's database and management system for recording aircraft operations, flight tracks, noise monitoring terminals and complaints.
<b>Cat AB aircraft</b>	Category A and B aircraft are light and propellor driven aircraft. This includes General Aviation aircraft (Cat A) and turbo-propellor aircraft such as the ATR72 (Cat B).
<b>Cat CD aircraft</b>	Category C and D are heavier, jet aircraft.
<b>Runway Naming</b>	<p>Runways are named based on the direction (or heading) an aircraft faces during an operation on that runway. For parallel runways, the L or R indicates whether it is on the left or the right.</p> <p>Dublin Airport has three runways:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• South Runway - Operations are either on RW28L (facing west) or on RW10R (facing east)</li> <li>• North Runway – Operations are either on RW28R (facing west) or on RW10L (facing east)</li> <li>• Cross Runway – operations are either on RW16 (facing south) or on RW34 (facing north)</li> </ul>
<b>Wind Rose</b>	Circular graph of wind strength and direction issued by Met Eireann. As aircraft need to take-off and land when facing into the wind (except in low wind conditions less than 5 knots), the wind rose will give an indication of runway use.
<b>YTD</b>	Year To Date
<b>Zones A to F</b>	The "zones" are runway end zones defined for this report. For example, Zone A is west of the South Runway and is overflowed by arrivals on RW10R and departures on RW28L.

## Aircraft Movements (Cat ABCD) Aug 2024

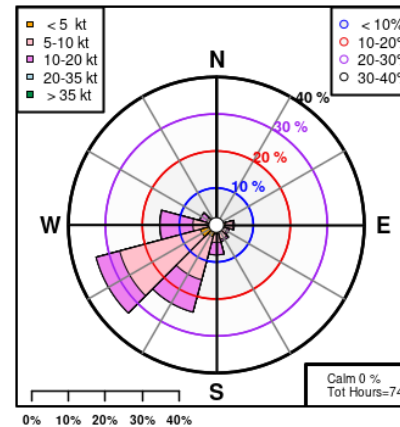
Zone		Arrivals		Departures		Total
A	South Runway	from West (RW10R)	200	to West (RW28L)	1212	1412
B		from East (RW28L)	10482	to East (RW10R)	1109	11591
C	North Runway	from West (RW10L)	951	to West (RW28R)	9530	10481
D		from East (RW28R)	191	to East (RW10L)	1	192
E	Cross Runway	from North (RW16)	28	to North (RW34)	1	29
F		from South (RW34)	1	to South (RW16)	2	3
			11853		11855	23708



Monthly Aircraft Movements YTD + 2023

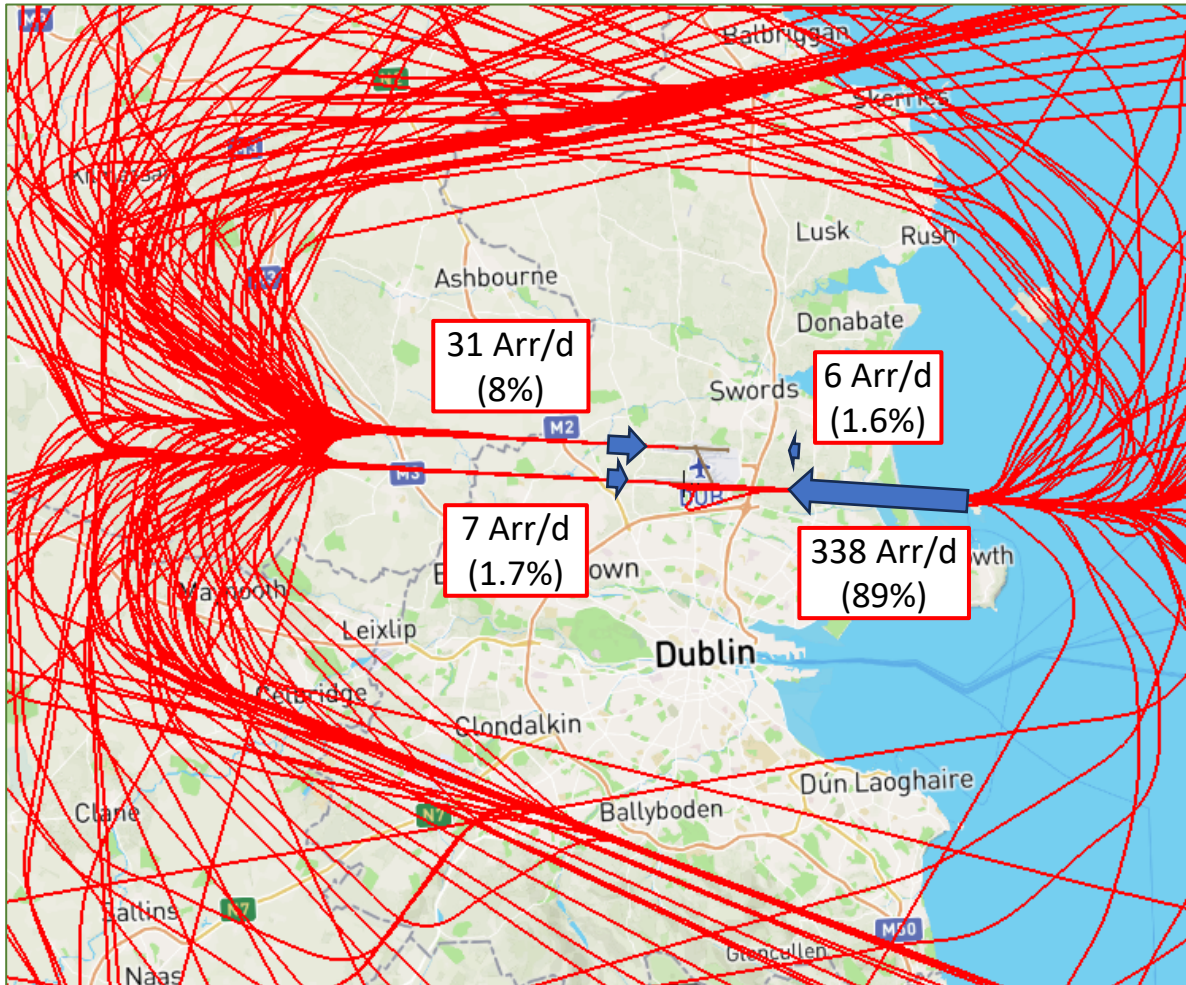


Windrose Dublin Apt August 2024



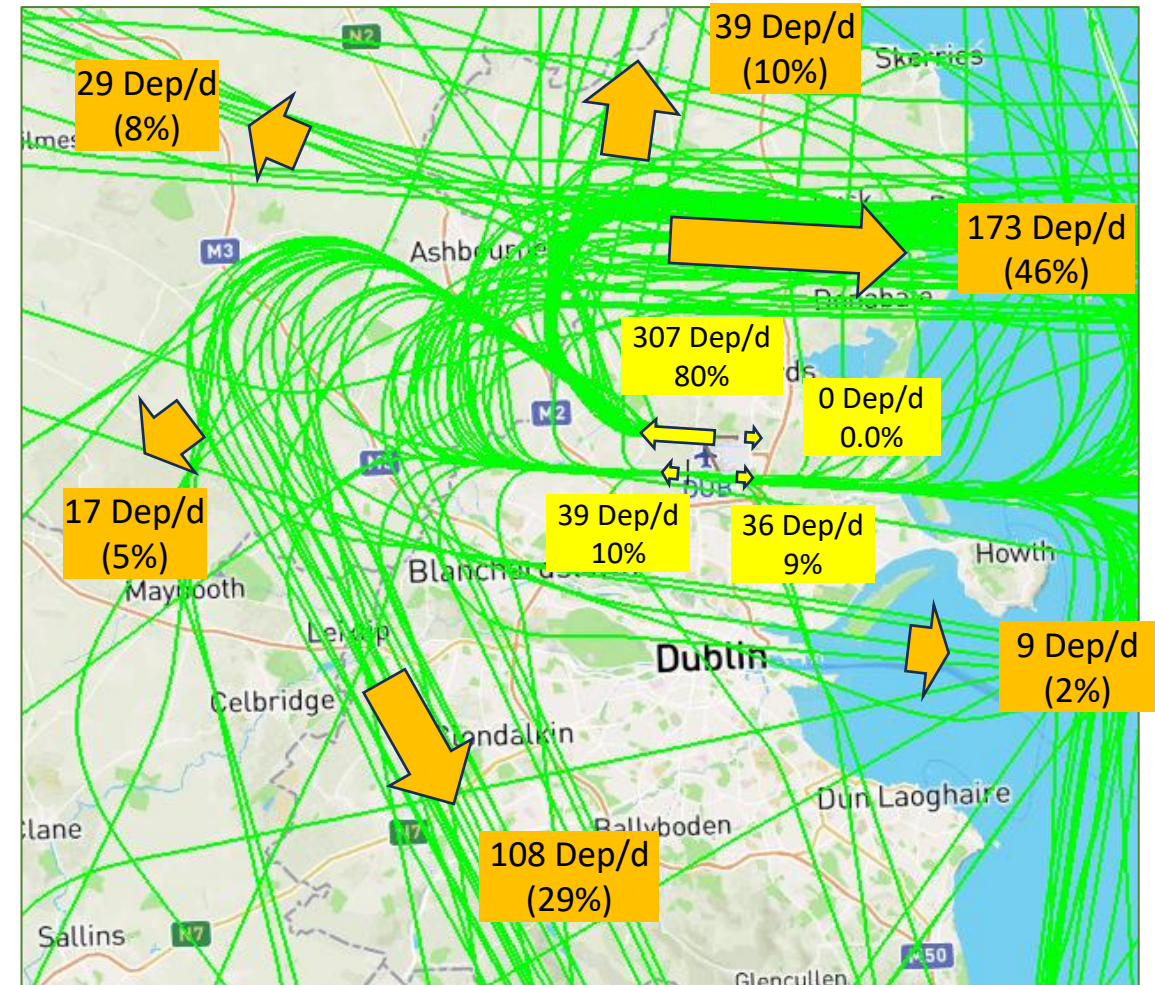
**August 2024 Wind Rose:**  
 shows percentage of time in each wind direction.  
 Table below shows YTD – Westerly and Easterly operations

2024	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug
W	86%	87%	56%	78%	65%	89%	81%	90%
E	14%	13%	44%	22%	35%	11%	19%	10%



Graphic depicts:

- Average arrival movements per day (d) on each main runway
- % arrivals on each main runway August 2024
- Note: example flight track selection used



Graphic depicts:

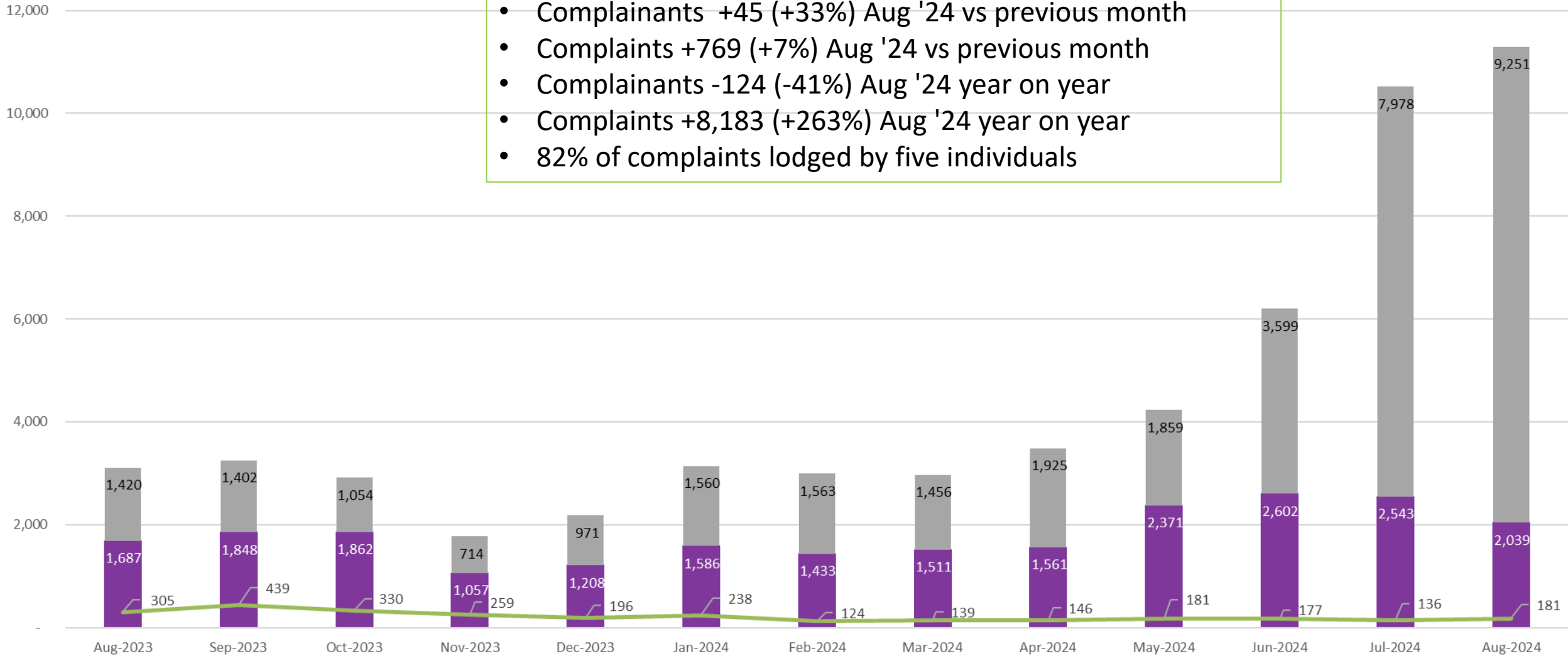
- Average departure movements per day on each main runway (yellow boxes)
- % departures on each main runway August 2024 (yellow boxes)
- Average departures per day on each main track swathe (orange boxes)
- Note: example flight track selection used

# Noise Complaints - Complainant Statistics

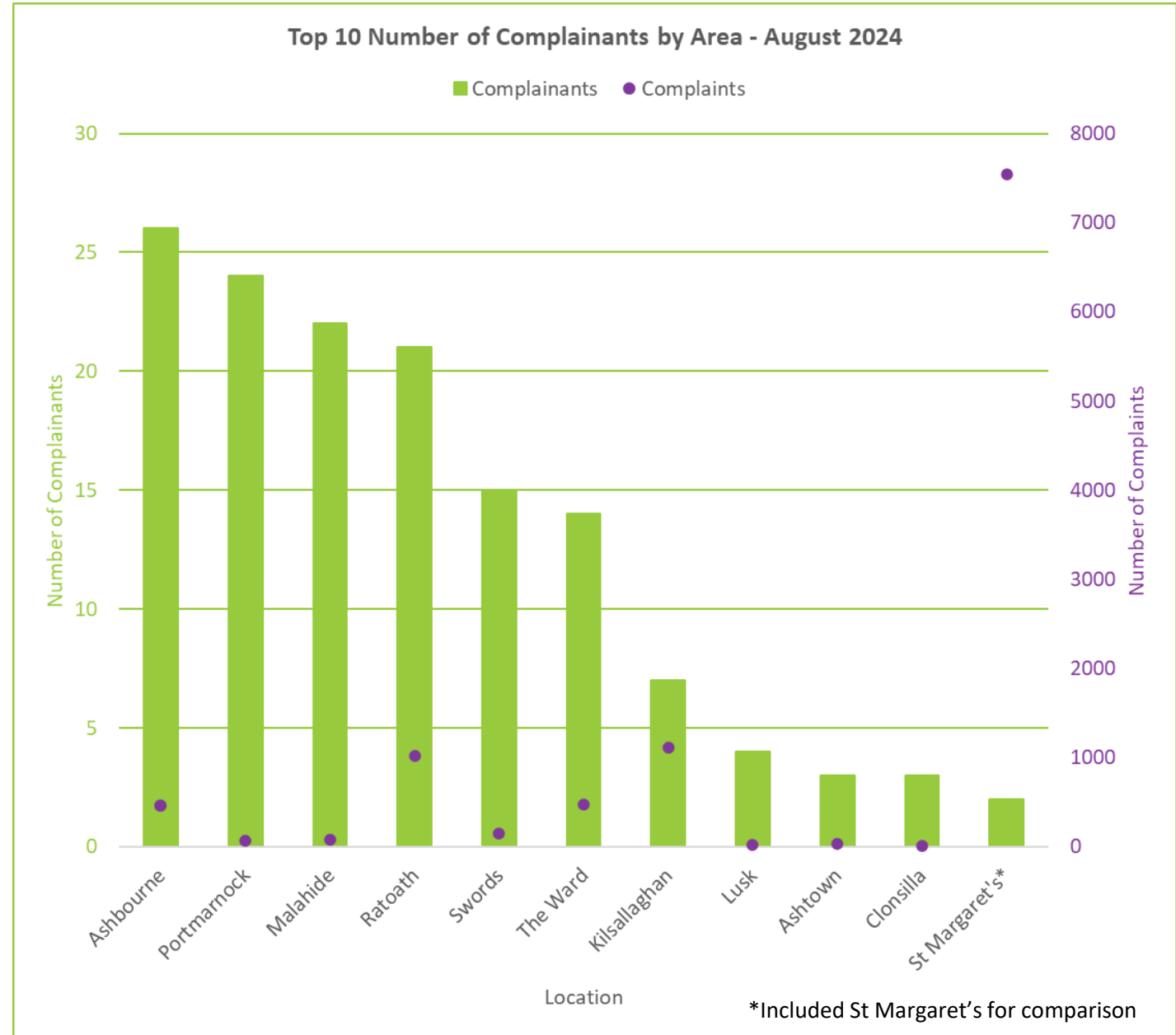
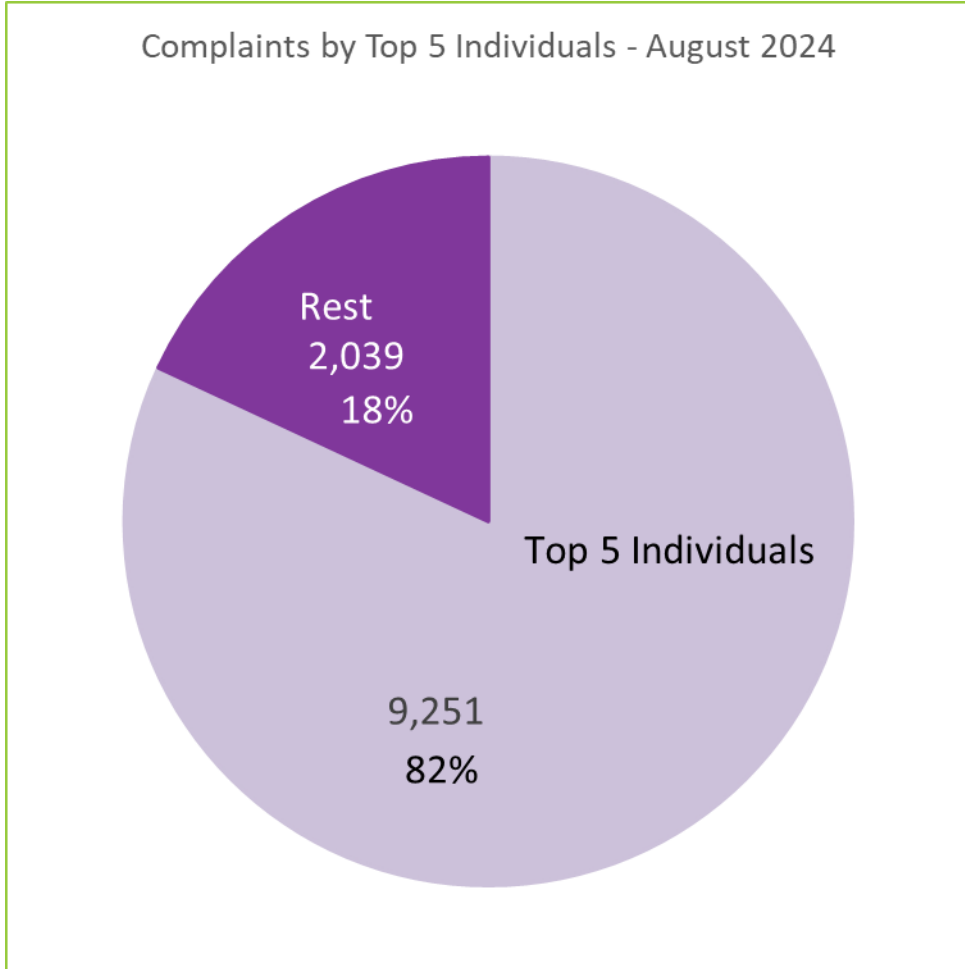


Complainant Statistics

■ Complaints excluded Top 5 Individuals    
 ■ Top 5 Individuals' Complaints    
 — Complainants



- Complainants +45 (+33%) Aug '24 vs previous month
- Complaints +769 (+7%) Aug '24 vs previous month
- Complainants -124 (-41%) Aug '24 year on year
- Complaints +8,183 (+263%) Aug '24 year on year
- 82% of complaints lodged by five individuals







## Part 2: Flight Track Monitoring

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15	Departure Track Adherence data (2023 and YTD 2024)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Chart and table of the percentages of departures each quarter since Q1 2023 that operated within the NPR until reaching the minimum height.</li> </ul>
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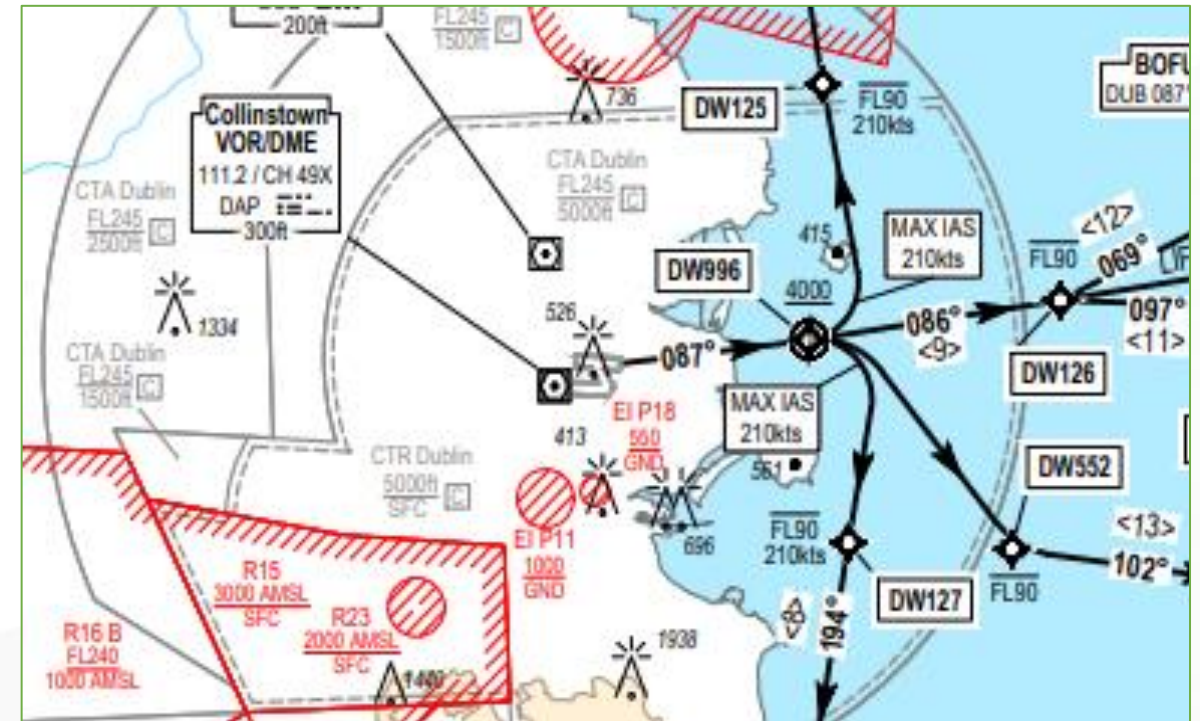
Term	Definition
<b>Arrival Tracks</b>	Arriving aircraft must fly in a straight line for at least the final 11km of their approach. Aircraft come into the airport at a precise downward angle of 3 degrees, which means that they are at a height of 1,800ft when they join the final approach at the 11km point.
<b>Departure Tracks</b>	Departing jet aircraft are required to follow procedures defined by the SID and to stay within the Environmental Corridor, also called the Noise Preferential Route (NPR).
<b>Environmental Corridor</b>	This is the same as the NPR (see below).
<b>Noise Preferential Route (NPR)</b>	Each SID (see below) at Dublin Airport has an "Environmental Corridor" also called a Noise Preferential Route (NPR). An NPR starts at the runway and is 240m wide and then, following the SID, fans out until the aircraft reaches a minimum altitude of 3,000 ft (South Runway) or 4,000 ft (North Runway). This only applies to jet aircraft – Cat C or D. (See Page 22)
<b>Standard Instrument Departure (SID)</b>	Depending on the departure runway and final destination, departing aircraft follow routes called Standard Instrument Departures (SID). SIDs allow aircraft to safely depart an airspace following a pre-defined route. (See Pages 20 and 21)
<b>Track Adherence</b>	To comply with an NPR, a departing jet aircraft needs to stay within the corridor until it reaches the required 3,000ft elevation (4,000ft for North Runway departures). After that, the pilot may fly a more direct heading for the final destination. An aircraft may be instructed by Air Traffic Control to leave the NPR before the required height due to weather, traffic or other considerations.
<b>Track Deviation</b>	A jet aircraft deviates from the NPR if it leaves the corridor below 3,000 ft (for South Runway departures) or 4,000 ft (for North Runway departures).
<b>Vectoring</b>	In some cases, Air Traffic Control may instruct a pilot to deviate from an NPR before reaching the minimum required height. This may be due to weather, traffic congestion, or other reasons. This is called Vectoring. In such cases, the track deviation is not considered to be an infringement (or violation) of the rule.

# Standard Instrument Departures (SID) North Runway

- Jet aircraft departures are required to follow these Standard Instrument Departures (SID).
- SID's are developed taking into account various safety, operational and environmental considerations amongst others.



*SID for North Runway (28R) departures to the west (westerly operations in westerly winds)*



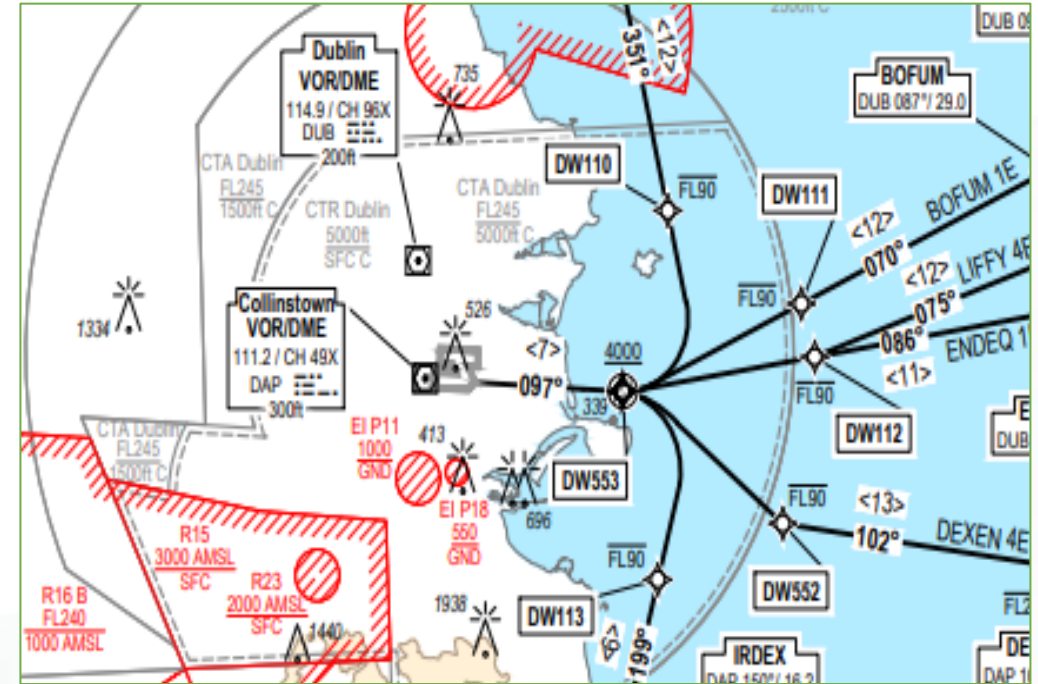
*SID for North Runway (10L) departures to the east (easterly operations in easterly winds)*

# Standard Instrument Departures (SID) South Runway

- Jet aircraft departures are required to follow Standard Instrument Departures (SID)



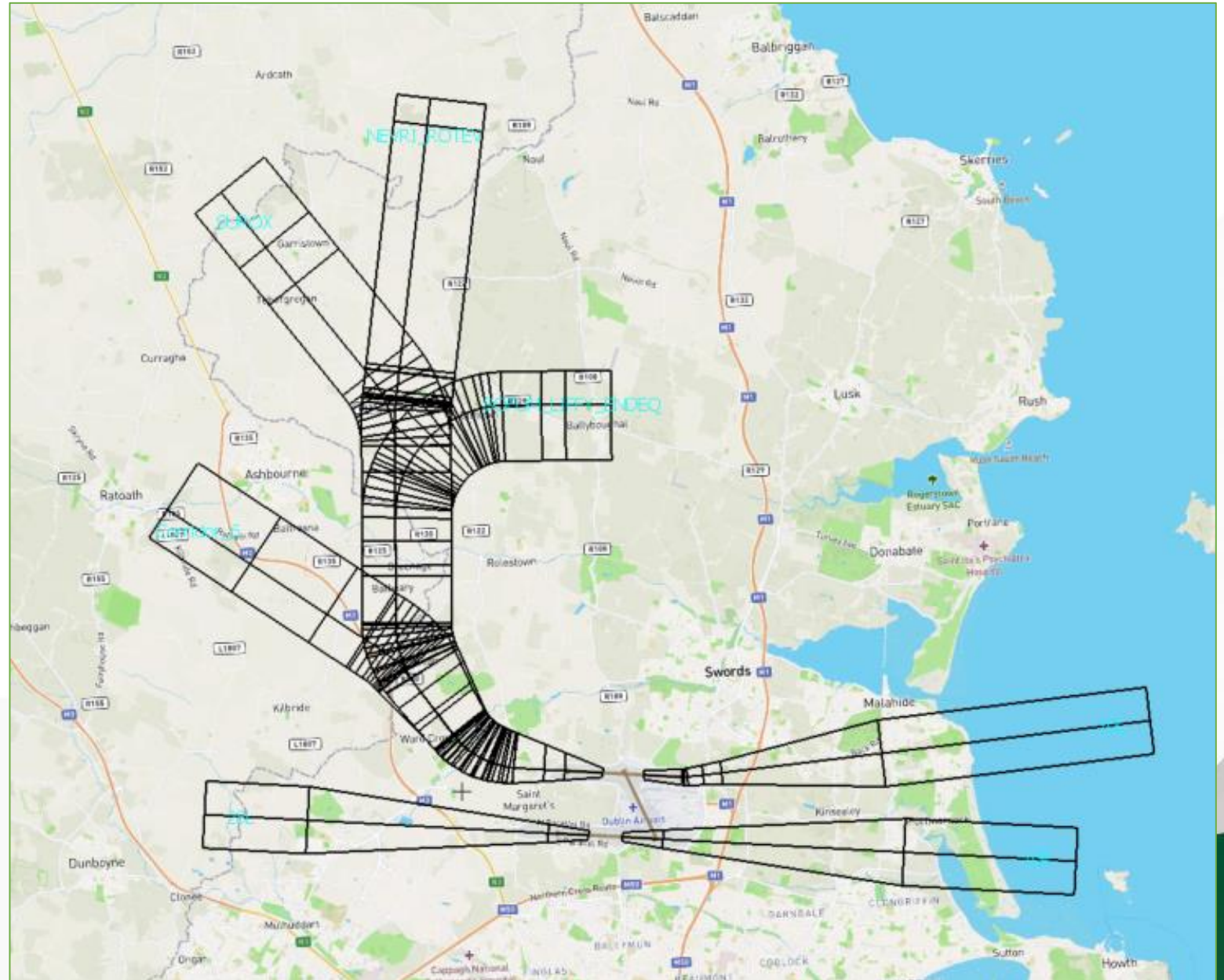
*SID for South Runway (28L) Departures to the west (Westerly operations in westerly winds)*



*SID for South Runway (10R) Departures to the east (Easterly operations in easterly winds)*

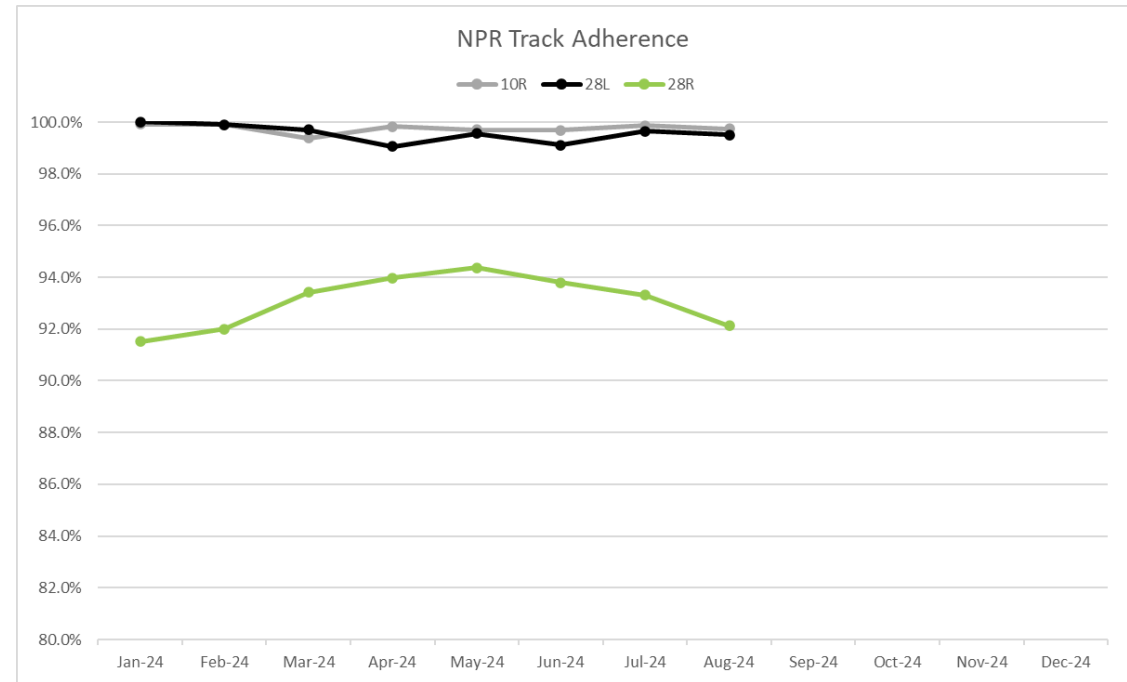
# Noise Preferential Routes (NPR) for Jet Aircraft Departures

- Noise Preferential Routes (NPR) are passageways or corridors defined to either side of each SID path.
- An NPR is also called an Environmental Corridor.
- These only apply to the departures of jet (Category C and D) aircraft which are the larger aircraft.
- From South Runway, aircraft should not deviate from the NPR until reaching an altitude of 3,000ft.
- From North Runway, aircraft should not deviate from the NPR until reaching an altitude of 4,000ft.
- Deviation from the NPR is only permitted if directed by Air Traffic Control.



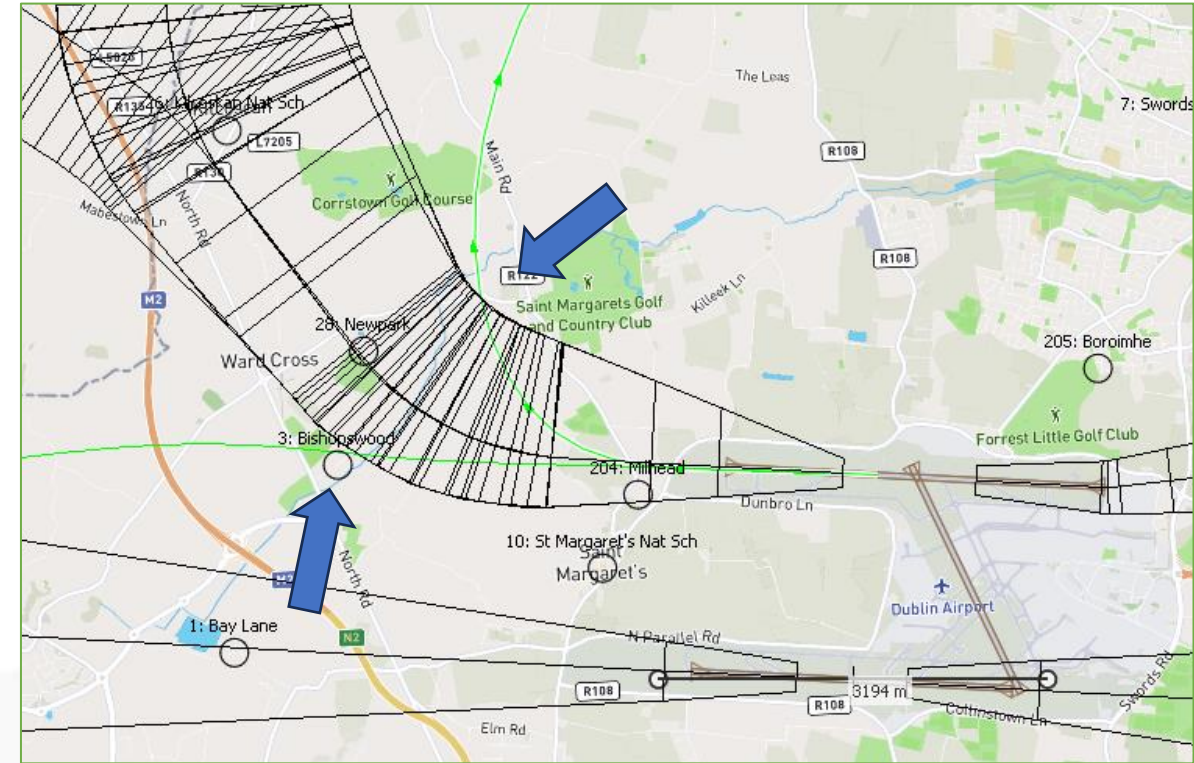
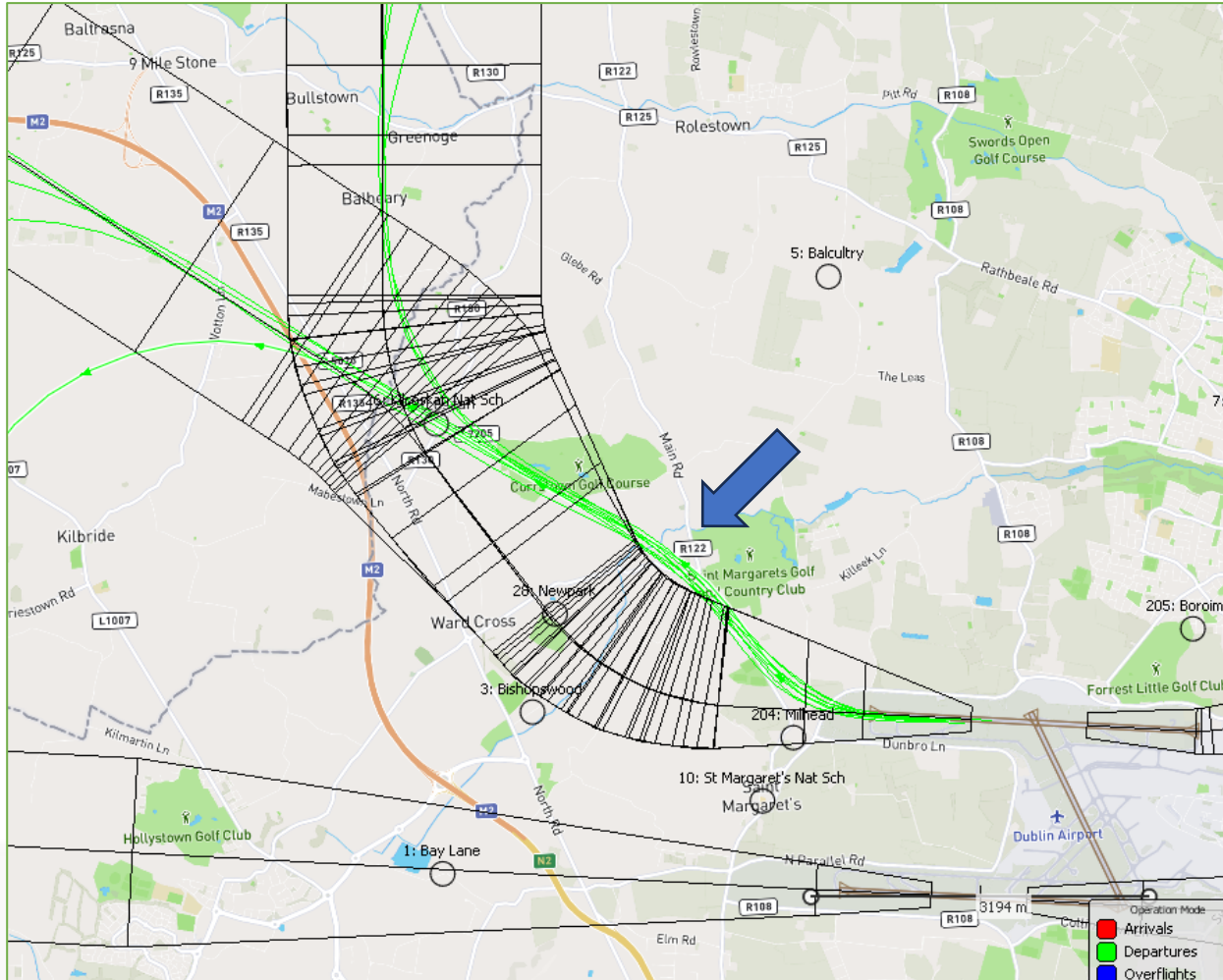
# Departure Track Adherence (Monthly 2023 and 2024 YTD)

- Track Adherence refers to jet aircraft departures that remain within the NPR up to the minimum height.
- Both runways are displaying a high level of track adherence (over 90% for North Runway westerly and South Runway – westerly and easterly - is close to 100%).
- Further work is underway on improving track adherence which will include the implementation of a tool which can be used by AirNav Ireland and airlines to track and manage deviations and conduct detailed investigations into individual deviations.
- Note: North Runway easterly and Cross Runway operations are too seldom used to report.
- daa has conducted a review of the Track Adherence monitoring process. 2023 data was displaying a lower level of track adherence than what was actually occurring however, this has now been amended



Departure Runway	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
10R (South Runway)	99.9%	99.9%	99.4%	99.8%	99.7%	99.7%	99.9%	99.7%				
28L (South Runway)	100.0%	99.9%	99.7%	99.1%	99.6%	99.1%	99.7%	99.5%				
28R (North Runway)	91.5%	92.0%	93.4%	94.0%	94.4%	93.8%	93.3%	92.1%				
<b>Total Airport (2024)</b>	<b>93.9%</b>	<b>94.0%</b>	<b>96.5%</b>	<b>95.9%</b>	<b>96.8%</b>	<b>95.1%</b>	<b>95.4%</b>	<b>93.6%</b>				
<b>Total Airport (2023)</b>	<b>77.1%</b>	<b>82.4%</b>	<b>96.7%</b>	<b>96.9%</b>	<b>97.4%</b>	<b>97.8%</b>	<b>94.4%</b>	<b>93.6%</b>	<b>95.4%</b>	<b>95.4%</b>	<b>91.8%</b>	<b>92.7%</b>

# Track NPR Deviation Examples – North Runway (RW28R)

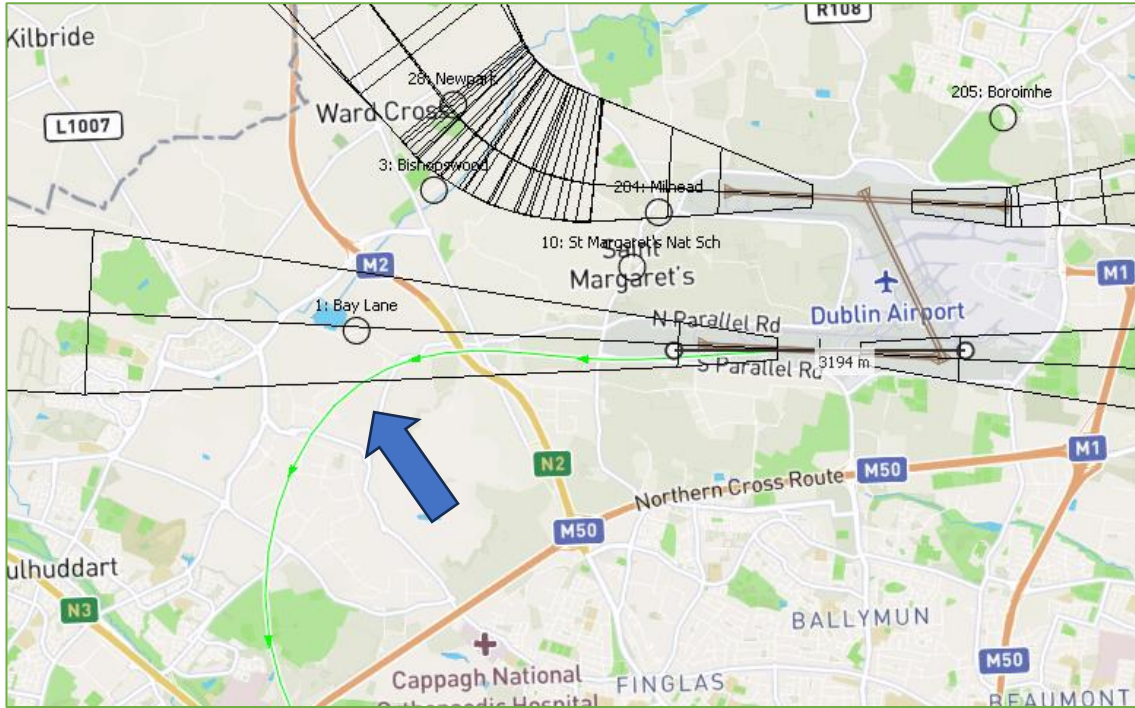


The above diagram displays two different departing flights which exited the North Runway NPR before they would have reached 4,000 ft altitude.

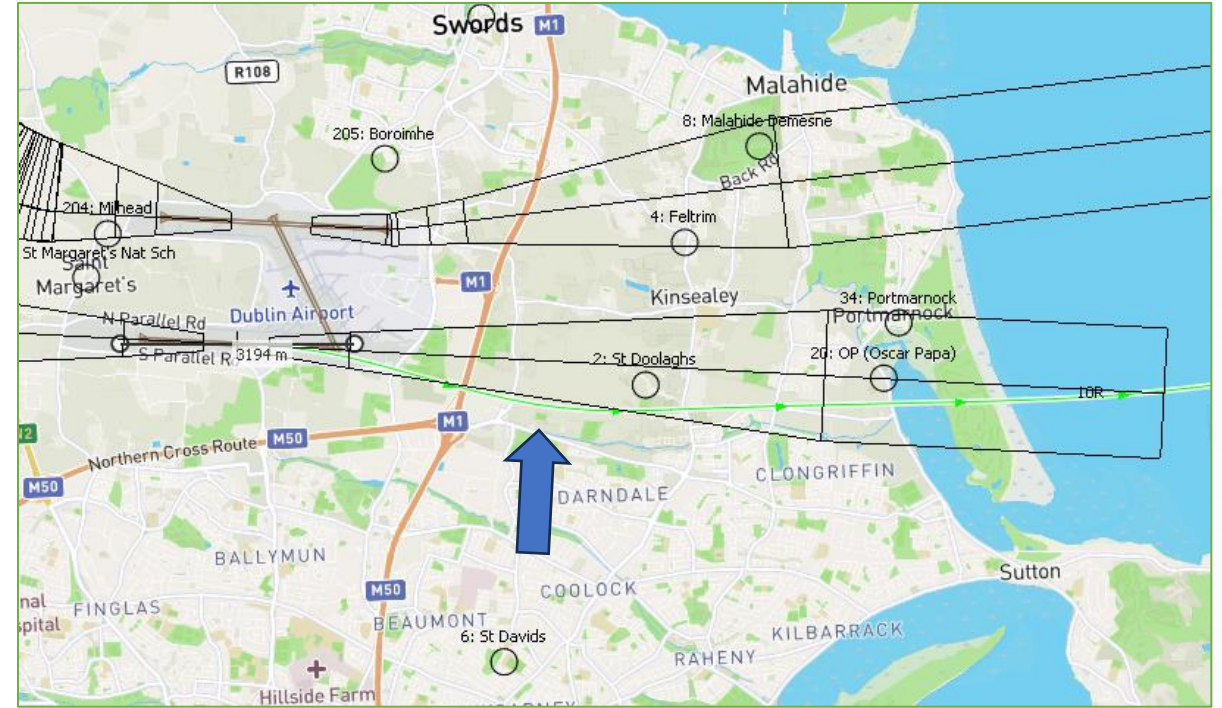
The above diagram displays a number flights which exited the North Runway NPR and then re-entered the NPR. This is a known issue for a small percentage of aircraft and Dublin Airport is working with the airlines and the aircraft manufacturer on resolving it.



# Track NPR Deviation Examples – South Runway



*A jet aircraft departed the South Runway heading west and then turned left (southward) not far after the M2 motorway before reaching 3,000ft.*



*This jet aircraft departed the South Runway heading east. It deviated from the NPR for a short distance and then returned to the corridor, to continue on the correct path.*

# End

**For further information, please visit  
our website:**

**[www.dublinairport.com](http://www.dublinairport.com)**